

10 528602. trn

and other penalties.

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:47:50 ON 07 JUL 2009

=> file registry
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SI NCE FI LE
ENTRY
0. 22

TOTAL
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0. 22

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:48:07 ON 07 JUL 2009
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DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 6 JUL 2009 HI GHEST RN 1160908-15-5

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=> s pol yet hyl enei mi ne OR pol yet hyl eni mi ne OR "pol y et hyl enei mi ne" OR "pol yet hyl ene i mi ne" OR "pol y et hyl ene i mi ne" OR pei

16 POLYETHYLENEI M NE
64 POLYETHYLENI M NE
1977124 " POLY"
119 " ETHYLENEI M NE"
19 " POLY ETHYLENEI M NE"
(" POLY" (W " ETHYLENEI M NE")
10233 " POLYETHYLENE"
43546 " I M NE"
2 " I M NES"
43546 " I M NE"
(" I M NE" OR " I M NES")
16 " POLYETHYLENE I M NE"
(" POLYETHYLENE" (W " I M NE")
1977124 " POLY"
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2 " ETHYLENES"
108445 " ETHYLENE"
(" ETHYLENE" OR " ETHYLENES")
43546 " I M NE"
2 " I M NES"
43546 " I M NE"
(" I M NE" OR " I M NES")
19 " POLY ETHYLENE I M NE"
(" POLY" (W " ETHYLENE" (W " I M NE")
78 PEI

1 PEI S
79 PEI
(PEI OR PEI S)
L1 157 POLYETHYLENEI M NE OR POLYETHYLENI M NE OR " POLY ETHYLENEI M NE"
OR " POLYETHYLENE I M NE" OR " POLY ETHYLENE I M NE" OR PEI

=> file capl.us
COST IN U. S. DOLLARS
FULL ESTIMATED COST

	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
	54. 46	54. 68

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:49:08 ON 07 JUL 2009
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 7 Jul 2009 VOL 151 ISS 2
FILE LAST UPDATED: 6 Jul 2009 (20090706/ED)
REVIEWED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Apr 2009
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Apr 2009

CAPI us now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the second quarter of 2009.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at: www.cas.org

http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s L1
L2 30236 L1

=> s L2 AND uchegbu/ AU
0 UCHEGBU/ AU
| 3 0 L2 AND UCHEGBU/ AU

=> s uchegbu
L4 5 UCHEGBU

=> d scan | 4

L4 5 ANSWERS CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
CC 63- 6 (Pharmaceuticals)
TI Section cross-referenc(s): 38
A non-covalently crosslinked chitosan based hydrogel
ST crosslinked glycol chitosan hydrogel
IT Drug delivery systems
(hydrogels; non-covalently crosslinked chitosan based hydrogel)
IT 57- 10- 3DP, Palmitic acid, reaction products with glycol chitosan
9012- 76- 4DP, Chitosan, crosslinked 123938- 86- 3DP, Gycol Chitosan,

crosslinked

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
 BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
 (non-covalently crosslinked chitosan based hydrogel)

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):3

L4 5 ANSWERS CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 TI I. F. *** Uchegbu*** . Polymers in Drug Delivery, edited by, A.G. Schatzlein. CRC Press, Boca Raton, FL, USA (2006)

L4 5 ANSWERS CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 TI Review of Synthetic Surfactant Vesicles Edited by I. F. *** Uchegbu*** , Harwood Academic Publishers, Amsterdam 2000. 248 pp

L4 5 ANSWERS CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 CC 1-6 (Pharmacology)
 TI The activity of doxorubicin nanosomes against an ovarian cancer cell line and three in vivo mouse tumor models
 ST antitumor doxorubicin sorbitan monostearate nanosome
 IT Neoplasminhibitors
 (activity of doxorubicin nanosomes against an ovarian cancer cell line and three in vivo mouse tumor models)
 IT Liposome
 (nanosome, activity of doxorubicin nanosomes against an ovarian cancer cell line and three in vivo mouse tumor models)
 IT 1338-41-6, Sorbitan monostearate
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (activity of doxorubicin nanosomes against an ovarian cancer cell line and three in vivo mouse tumor models)
 IT 23214-92-8, Doxorubicin
 RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 (activity of doxorubicin nanosomes against an ovarian cancer cell line and three in vivo mouse tumor models)

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=> s uchegbu/ au

L5 0 UCHEGBU/ AU

=> d hist

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:47:50 ON 07 JUL 2009)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:48:07 ON 07 JUL 2009
 L1 157 S POLYETHYLENEIMINE OR POLYETHYLENIMINE OR "POLYETHYLENEIMINE"

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:49:08 ON 07 JUL 2009
 L2 30236 S L1

L3 0 S L2 AND UCHEGBU/ AU

L4 5 S UCHEGBU

L5 0 S UCHEGBU/ AU

=> s L2 AND L4

L6 0 L2 AND L4

=> s L2 AND "drug delivery"

874898 "DRUG"

384122 "DRUGS"

1056821 "DRUG"

("DRUG" OR "DRUGS")

335121 " DELI VERY"
 2054 " DELI VERI ES"
 336359 " DELI VERY"
 (" DELI VERY" OR " DELI VERI ES")
 237011 " DRUG DELI VERY"
 (" DRUG" (W " DELI VERY")
 L7 1184 L2 AND " DRUG DELI VERY"

 => s L7 AND "qcpei"
 0 "QCPEI"
 L8 0 L7 AND "QCPEI"

 => s L7 AND "qcpei 1"
 0 "QCPEI 1"
 L9 0 L7 AND "QCPEI 1"

 => s L7 AND qcpei
 => s L7 AND qcpei
 => s (cyclosporin OR "Cyclosporin")
 18374 CYCLOSPORIN
 404 CYCLOSPORIN S
 18415 CYCLOSPORIN
 (CYCLOSPORIN OR CYCLOSPORIN S)
 18374 " CYCLOSPORIN"
 404 " CYCLOSPORIN S"
 18415 " CYCLOSPORIN"
 (" CYCLOSPORIN" OR " CYCLOSPORIN S")
 L10 18415 (CYCLOSPORIN OR " CYCLOSPORIN")

=> s L7 AND L10
 L11 16 L7 AND L10

=> d L11 1- i bi b abs
 YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 16 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/ (N) : y

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009:182624 CAPLUS <<LOGI NID: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150:290644
 TITLE: Sustained-release microcapsule of protein polypeptide drug and its preparation method
 INVENTOR(S): Dai, Zhiwei; Yue, Xuli; Zheng, Jian; Liu, Shaoqin; Wang, Yang; Yan, Xufeng
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Harbin Institute of Technology, Peop. Rep. China
 SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 21pp.
 CODEN: CNXXEV
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Chinese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	Kind	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
CN 101361963	A	20090211	CN 2008-10137122	20080916
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			CN 2008-10137122	20080916
AB	The prep. method comprises (1) dissolving protein polypeptide drug in 0.001-100 mmol/L HCl at a ratio of (0.01-100) mg: 1 mL, adjusting the pH to 1-7, adding inorg. salt till its concn. is 0.01-10 mol/L, stirring at a speed of 10-600 r/min for 0.1-100 min, ultrasonic processing for 0.01-100 min, centrifugating or filtering to obtain particles of protein polypeptide drug; (2) dissolving polyani on in 0.01-10 mol/L inorg. salt, adjusting the pH to 1-7, adding particles of protein polypeptide drug, stirring, carrying out adsorption reaction for 0.1-100 min, ultrasonic processing for 0.01-100 min, centrifugating or filtering, washing solid			

phase; (3) adding treated particles of protein polypeptide drug into polyvalent metal cation (0.1-100 mg/mL, pH 1-7), stirring, carrying out adsorption reaction for 0.1-100 min, ultrasonic processing for 0.01-100 min, centrifugating or filtering, washing; (4) repeating step (3) once; and (5) dissolving polycation in 0.01-10 mol/L inorg. salt, adjusting the pH to 1-7, adding particles of protein polypeptide drug from step (4), stirring, carrying out adsorption reaction for 0.1-100 min, ultrasonic processing for 0.01-100 min, centrifugating or filtering, and washing to obtain the product. The protein polypeptide drug is insulin, interferon, hirudin, calcitonin, growth hormone, etc. The polyanion is sodium alginate, glucose, dextran sulfate, heparin, etc. The inorg. salt is NaCl, NH4Cl, (NH4)2SO4, KCl, etc. The polyvalent metal cation is Zn2+, Cu2+, Fe3+, Ru3+, Os3+, etc. The polycation is chitosan, protamine, polyarginine, polyethylamine, etc. The microcapsule provided in this invention has improved stability, biol. activity and sustained-release characteristic, and can supply trace elements for human body.

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2009: 24490 CAPLUS <<LOGI NID: 20090707>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150: 142453

TITLE: MHC multimers and conjugates for use in diagnosis, prognosis and therapy of cancer, infection, immune and autoimmune disease

INVENTOR(S): Brix, Liselotte; Pedersen, Henrik; Jakobsen, Tina; Schoeller, Joergen; Lohse, Jesper; Brunstedt, Katja; Jacobsen, Kivin

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dako Denmark A/S, Den.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 470pp.

CODEN: PI XXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM COUNT: 3

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	Kind	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2009003492	A1	20090108	WO 2008- DK50167	20080703
W AE, AG, AL, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GT, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, ST, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW	BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW				
AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:	DK 2007- 972	A 20070703
	DK 2007- 973	A 20070703
	DK 2007- 974	A 20070703
	DK 2007- 975	A 20070703
	US 2007- 929581P	P 20070703
	US 2007- 929582P	P 20070703
	US 2007- 929583P	P 20070703
	US 2007- 929586P	P 20070703

AB The present invention describes novel methods to generate MHC or HLA multimers and methods to improve existing and new MHC multimers. The invention also describes improved methods for the use of MHC multimers in anal. of T-cells in samples 5 including diagnostic and prognostic methods. Furthermore the use of MHC multimers in therapy are described, e.g. anti-tumor and anti-virus therapy, including isolation of antigen specific

T-cells capable of inactivation or elimination of undesirable target cells or isolation of specific T-cells capable of regulation of other immune cells.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008: 1508205 CAPLUS <<LOG IN ID: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 150: 56994
 TITLE: Poly(organophosphazene) hydrogels for ***drug***
 delivery, preparation method thereof and use thereof

INVENTOR(S): Song, Soo-Chang; Park, M-Ran; Lee, Sun-M
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Korea Institute of Science and Technology, S. Korea
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 88pp.
 CODEN: PI XXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2008153277	A1	20081218	WO 2008-KR2715	20080523
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, KG, KM, KN, KP, KZ, LA, LC, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW	AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, TJ, TM			
RW AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,				
KR 2008110472	A	20081218	KR 2008-40413	20080430
US 20090047348	A1	20090219	US 2008-122665	20080517

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO. : KR 2007-58461 A 20070614
 KR 2008-40413 A 20080430
 WO 2008-KR2715 A 20080523

AB A biodegradable and thermosensitive poly(organophosphazene) with a functional group, a prepn. method thereof, and a use thereof for delivery of biactive substances are provided.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 4 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008: 1339197 CAPLUS <<LOG IN ID: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149: 534721
 TITLE: Polyglutamic acids functionalized by cation groups and hydrophobic groups, and their therapeutic applications
 INVENTOR(S): Chan, You Ping; Breyne, Alivier; Bonnet Connet, Cecile
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fiamel Technologies, Fr.
 SOURCE: Fr. Demande, 43pp.
 CODEN: FRXXBL
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: French
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE

FR 2915748	A1	20081107	FR 2007- 3185	20070503
WO 2008135563	A1	20081113	WO 2008- EP55507	20080505
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
US 20090012028	A1	20090108	US 2008- 149542	20080505
PRI ORI TY APPLN. INFO. :			FR 2007- 3185	A 20070503
			US 2007- 924218P	P 20070503

AB Polyglutamates for use in *** drug*** *** delivery*** are manuf'd. by forming cation groups which, if they are deprotonable, present a pKa equal to or higher than 7, and by hydrophobic groupings comprising from 8 to 30 carbon atoms. These polyglutamates modified by cation groups are ready to be transformed easily and economically into particles of vectorization of active principles, these particles being themselves clean to form stable aq. colloidal suspensions. These polyglutamates modified has the advantage of being less viscous than other similar polymers, while preserving a capacity to assoc. proteins such as insulin. Some are water-sol. with acid pH and become insol. with physiol. pH (7,4) and would thus have, at the time of a s.c. injection, to ppt. on the site of injection. A typical polymer was manuf'd. by stirring 6 g polyglutamic acid grafted with 5% al pha.-tocopherol 15 min at 0. degree. in 125 mL DMF cont g. 8.7 mL iso-Bu chl or of or mate, adding suspension of 24.67 g arginine dihydrochloride in 308 mL NMP cont g. 14.7 mL Et 3N at 0. degree., stirring 2 h at 0. degree., adding 2.1 mL 35% aq. HCl, and adding the resulting reaction mixt. to 1.6 L water.

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L11 ANSWER 5 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008: 1156621 CAPLUS <<LOGIN ID: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149: 409737
 TITLE: Topical formulations comprising lipophilic bioactive agents having enhanced bioavailability
 INVENTOR(S): McCook, John Patrick; Narain, Niven Rajin; Persaud, Indushekhar
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pather Management, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 68pp.
 CODEN: PI XXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	COND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2008116135	A2	20080925	WO 2008- US57786	20080321
WO 2008116135	A3	20081224		
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				

RW AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU,
 IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK,
 TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,
 TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW
 AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA

US 20080233183 A1 20080925 US 2008-52825 20080321

PRI ORI TY APPLN. I NFO : US 2007-919554P P 20070322
 AB The present disclosure provides compns. suitable for delivering lipophilic bi oactive agents. The compns. may be utilized to treat numerous di seases and condit ions that would benefit from the application of a lipophilic bi oactive agent. Thus, a cream contained Polysorbate-80 25.000, ubi decarenone 21.000, propylene glycol 10.000, phenoxyethanol 0.500, water 35.500, and lecithin 8.000%

L11 ANSWER 6 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRI GHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSI ON NUMBER: 2008: 1067724 CAPLUS <<LOGI NI D: : 20090707>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149: 315743

TITLE: Coated expandabl e system comprising a catheter balloon and a crimped stent for the controlled release of dr ugs

I NVENTOR(S) : Orlowski, Michael

PATENT ASSI GNEE(S) : Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 17pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAM LY ACC. NUM COUNT: 2

PATENT I NFORMATI ON:

PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATI ON NO.	DATE
DE 102007008479	A1	20080904	DE 2007- 102007008479	20070221
WO 2008101486	A2	20080828	WO 2008- DE301	20080220
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW				

PRI ORI TY APPLN. I NFO : DE 2007- 102007008479A 20070221

US 2007- 903298P P 20070226

AB The invention relates to an expandabl e system comprising a catheter balloon and a crimped stent. Said system combines fast-release kinetics of one active substance and slow-release kinetics of a second active substance since the catheter balloon is coated with a first active substance that is suitable for fast release while the stent is coated with a second active substance which is suitable for slow release. In a preferred embodiment, the catheter balloon is coated with a cytotoxic agent of a first active substance while the stent is coated with a cytostatic agent of a second active substance.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CI TED REFERENCES AVAI LABLE FOR THI S RECORD. ALL CI TATI ONS AVAI LABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 7 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRI GHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSI ON NUMBER: 2008: 1045421 CAPLUS <<LOGI NI D: : 20090707>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149: 315698

TITLE: Coated expandabl e system comprising a catheter balloon

and a crimped stent for the controlled release of drugs

INVENTOR(S): Orlowski, Michael
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Evorcor GmbH, Germany
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29pp.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: German
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATION NO.	DATE
WO 2008101486	A2	20080828	WO 2008- DE301	20080220
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AO, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BH, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DK, DM, DO, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LY, MA, MD, ME, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, MT, NL, NO, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
DE 102007008479	A1	20080904	DE 2007- 102007008479	20070221
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			DE 2007- 102007008479A	20070221
			US 2007- 903298P	P 20070226

AB The invention relates to an expandable system comprising a catheter balloon and a crimped stent. Said system combines fast release kinetics of one active substance and slow release kinetics of a second active substance since the catheter balloon is coated with a first active substance that is suitable for fast release while the stent is coated with a second active substance which is suitable for slow release. In a preferred embodiment, the catheter balloon is coated with a cytotoxic amount of a first active substance while the stent is coated with a cytostatic amount of a second active substance.

L11 ANSWER 8 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007: 937423 CAPLUS <<LOGI NID: 20090707>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147: 269264

TITLE: Cholesterol esterification pathway modulators and anti-proliferative and anti-proteinase folding agents for the prophylactic and/or therapeutic treatment of proliferative and conformational diseases

INVENTOR(S): La Colla, Paolo; Anchisi, Carlo; Dassi, Sandra; Pani, Alessandra

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Italy

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 48pp.

CODEN: PI XXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007094026	A1	20070823	WO 2007- IT109	20070219
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK				

10_528602. trn

I T 2006RM0286 A1 20060829 I T 2006- RM286 20060529

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

US 2006-774311P P 20060217

P 20060217

IT 2006-RM286 A 20060529

AB The invention discloses the use of compds. modulating the pathways leading to cholesterol esterification for the prepn. of a medicament for the treatment and/or prevention of proliferative and/or conformati onal diseases or of early aging. The medicament further comprises a compd. endowed with anti proliferative and/or anti- protease folding activity.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT.

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147: 220046
TITLE: Biodegradable and thermostable
polymers and their applications

UNVENTOR(S) pol y (or ganophosphazene) hydrogel , preparation method thereof and use thereof
Suzuki, S. Goto, S. Ito, S. Matsukura, S. Yamada, W. Park

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Korea Institute of Science and Technology, S. Korea
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 87pp.
COPEN: P114950

DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: PI XXD2
LANGUAGE: English Patent

LANGUAGE: Engl i sh
FAM LY ACC. NUM COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

NAME NO. NAME DATE APPROVING DATE

WO 2007083875 A2 20070726 WO 2006- KR4573 20061103

PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATI ON NO.	DATE
WO 2007083875	A2	20070726	WO 2006- KR4573	20061103
WO 2007083875	A3	20070907		
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA				
KR 2007076386	A	20070724	KR 2006- 107230	20061101
KR 784485	B1	20071211		
CA 2637285	A1	20070726	CA 2006- 2637285	20061103
EP 1981544	A2	20081022	EP 2006- 812410	20061103
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK, TR				
US 20090022683	A1	20090122	US 2006- 568851	20061108
CN 101360513	A	20090204	CN 2006- 80051281	20080717
RI TY APPLN. INFO. :			KR 2006- 5579	A 20060118
			KR 2006- 30730	A 20060404
			KR 2006- 107230	A 20061101
			WO 2006- KR4573	W 20061103

/ Structure 1 in file .gra /

AB The present invention relates to a biodegradable and thermostable poly(organophosphazene) with a functional group, a prepn. method thereof, and a use thereof for delivery of bioactive substances. According to the present invention, poly(organophosphazene) is a phosphagen-based polymer showing biodegradability, thermostability, and sol-gel phase transition depending on temp. change, whereby when administered into a living body with bioactive substances such as drugs, the poly(organophosphazene) forms a gel-phase at body temp. to be capable of controlled release of the bioactive substances. Further, the poly(organophosphazene) has functional groups to chem bind with bioactive substances through an ionic bond, covalent bond, or coordinate covalent bond to be capable of a sustained release of the bioactive substances due to its good binding property. The poly(organophosphazene) is represented as in Formula 1, wherein p is an integer between 7 and 50; R1 is selected from the group consisting of H, HCH₂, CH₃, CH₂SH, CH(CH₃)₂, CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, CH(CH₃)C₂H₅, CH₂CH₂SCH₃, CH₂C₆H₅, CH₂C₆H₄OH, CH₂C₂NH₂C₆H₄, OCOC₄N+H₉, CO₂C₂H₅, CH₂CO₂C₂H₅, (CH₂)₂CO₂C₂H₅, and HCONHCH(CH₂C₆H₅), and R2 is selected from the group consisting of CH₃, C₃H₇, C₄H₉, C₂H₅, CH₂C₆H₅, and CH₂CHCH₂; R3 is CH(W); R4 is selected from the group consisting of C₂H₂, CO₂CH₂CO₂, CO₂CH(CH₃)CO₂, and CONHCH(X)CO₂; R5 is selected from the group consisting of H, CH₃, and C₂H₅, and W and X are independently selected from the group consisting of H, HCH₂, CH₃, CH(CH₃)₂, CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, CH(CH₃)C₂H₅, CH₂CH₂SCH₃, CH₂C₆H₅, CH₂C₂NH₂C₆H₄, OCOC₄N+H₉, CO₂C₂H₅, (CH₂)₂CO₂C₂H₅, CH₂OH, CH(CH₃)OH, CH₂C₆H₄OH, CH₂COOH, CH₂CH₂COOH, CH₂CONH₂, C₄H₈NH₂, C₃H₆NHC(=NH)NH₂, CH₂C₃N₂H₃, and CH₂SH; R6 is CH(Y); R7 is selected from the group consisting of C₂H₄, C₃H₆, C₄H₈, CH₂C₆H₄, CH₂CO₂, O, CONHCH(Z)O, CO, CO₂, S, CONHCH(Z)S, N, CONHCH(Z)N, CON, COCHNH(Z)CON, CONHCH(Z)CO, and CONHCH(Z)CO₂; R8 is selected from the group consisting of OH, SH, H, CH₃, C₂H₅, C₃H₇, C₄H₉, CH₂C₆H₅, CH₂CHCH₂, and protecting groups. Also, Y and Z are independently selected from the group consisting of H, HCH₂, CH₃, CH(CH₃)₂, CH₂CH(CH₃)₂, CH(CH₃)C₂H₅, CH₂CH₂SCH₃, CH₂C₆H₅, CH₂C₂NH₂C₆H₄, OCOC₄N+H₉, CO₂C₂H₅, (CH₂)₂CO₂C₂H₅, CH₂OH, CH(CH₃)OH, CH₂C₆H₄OH, CH₂COOH, CH₂CH₂COOH, CH₂CONH₂, C₄H₈NH₂, C₃H₆NHC(=NH)NH₂, CH₂C₃N₂H₃, and CH₂SH; R9 is selected from the group consisting of OH, SH, H, NH₂, CH₃, C₂H₅, C₃H₇, C₄H₉, CH₂C₆H₅, CH₂CHCH₂, NHCH(SH)CO₂H, NH(CH₂)qSH, NH(CH₂CH₂NH)rH, [NHCH(C₄H₈NH₂)CO]_rOH, [NHCH(CH₂)₃C(=NH)(NH₂)CO]_rOH, and protamines; q is an integer between 1 and 20; r is an integer between 1 and 18000; a₁, a₂, b, c, d, and e resp. represent the content of each substituent, wherein a₁, a₂, b, and d are independently from 0.01 to 1.9, c and e are independently from 0 to 1.9, and a₁ + a₂ + b + c + d + e = 2.0; and n is from 5 to 100000. Therefore, the poly(organophosphazene) is useful as a delivery material for bioactive substances.

L11 ANSWER 10 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006: 818283 CAPLUS <<LOG IN ID: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145: 218038
 TITLE: Colonic delivery of agents that inactivate antibiotics
 INVENTOR(S): Fattal, Elias; Andremont, Antoine; Couvreur, Patrick;
 Bourgeois, Sandrine
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Da Volterra, Fr.; Centre National De La Recherche
 Scientifique; Stevens, Ian Edward
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 63pp.
 CODEN: PI XXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006085075	A2	20060817	WO 2006- GB448	20060209
WO 2006085075	A3	20070830		
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, ES, FI, GB, GD, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,			
RW AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA	DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW	AM, AZ, BY,		
AU 2006211996	A1	20060817	AU 2006- 211996	20060209
CA 2595526	A1	20060817	CA 2006- 2595526	20060209
EP 1845948	A2	20071024	EP 2006- 709686	20060209
R: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, BA, HR, MK, YU	DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL,			
JP 2008529996	T	20080807	JP 2007- 553714	20060209
IN 2007KN03118	A	20071228	IN 2007- KN3118	20070823
CN 101128187	A	20080220	CN 2006- 80005835	20070823
US 20080317666	A1	20081225	US 2008- 628832	20080303
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2005- 651342P	P 20050209
			WO 2006- GB448	W 20060209

AB ***Drug*** ***delivery*** devices that are orally administered, and that release active ingredients in the colon, are disclosed. The active ingredients are those that inactivate antibiotics, such as macrolides, quinolones and beta-lactam contg. antibiotics. One example of a suitable active agent is an enzyme such as beta-lactamases. In another embodiment, the active agents are those that specifically treat colonic disorders, such as Crohn's Disease, irritable bowel syndrome, ulcerative colitis, colorectal cancer or constipation. The ***drug*** ***delivery*** devices are in the form of beads of pectin, crosslinked with calcium and reticulated with polyethyleneimine. The high crosslink d. of the polyethyleneimine is believed to stabilize the pectin beads for a sufficient amt. of time such that a substantial amt. of the active ingredients can be administered directly to the colon. Advantageously, the amt. of polyethyleneimine is sufficient to allow a substantial portion of the pectin beads to pass through the gastrointestinal tract to the colon without releasing the active agent, and is also sufficient such that the pectin beads are sufficiently degraded in the colon to release an effective amt. of the active agent.

L11 ANSWER 11 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005: 961492 CAPLUS <<LOGIN ID: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143: 254076
 TITLE: Drug eluting coatings for medical implants and methods of use
 INVENTOR(S): Hsu, Li-Chi en
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Biotegra, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 423, 718.
 CODEN: USXXCO
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATION NO.	DATE
US 20050191333	A1	20050901	US 2005-119075	20050428
US 20040037886	A1	20040226	US 2003-423718	20030426
US 7438925	B2	20081021		
PRI ORI TY APPLN. INFO. :			US 2002-405933P	P 20020826
			US 2003-423718	A2 20030426

AB A drug coating for a medical device comprises one or more drug composite layers. The drug composite layer comprises one or more therapeutic agents dispersed within one or more modified bioactive binders. The modified bioactive binders are hydrophobic compds. bonded to bioactive binders, and the modified bioactive binders are not inert polymers.

L11 ANSWER 12 OF 16	CAPLUS	COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:	2005: 904325	CAPLUS <<LOGI NID: 20090707>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	143: 241967	
TITLE:		Directed apoptosis in cox-2 overexpressing cancer cells through targeted gene delivery of apoptosis-inducing genes for tumor therapy
INVENTOR(S):	Godbey, W Terrance; Atala, Anthony	
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	Children's Medical Center Corporation, USA	
SOURCE:	U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 32 pp.	
DOCUMENT TYPE:	CODEN: USXXCO	
LANGUAGE:	Patent	
FAMILY ACC. NUM COUNT:	English	
PATENT INFORMATION:	1	

PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATION NO.	DATE
US 20050187177	A1	20050825	US 2004-23020	20041223
PRI ORI TY APPLN. INFO. :			US 2004-533965P	P 20040102
AB The present invention provides methods and constructs for selectively expressing an Apoptosis-Inducing Gene (AlG) in a population of tumor cells that overexpress cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) to induce apoptosis in the cells. To achieve this goal a chimeric gene construct is used that comprises a cyclooxygenase-2 promoter (COX-2 promoter) that is operably linked to at least one AlG such that the COX-2 promoter is activated in cells that overexpress COX-2, thereby resulting in transcription and translation of the AlG which in turn activates apoptosis in the cells. Thus, apoptosis is selectively induced in only those cells capable of overexpressing COX-2. The apoptosis-inducing gene is selected from the group consisting of Caspase-1, Caspase-2, Caspase-3, Caspase-4, Caspase-5, Caspase-6, Caspase-7, Caspase-8, Caspase-9, Caspase-10, Granzyme A, Granzyme B, Fas Ligand, TRAIL and APOBL.				

L11 ANSWER 13 OF 16	CAPLUS	COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:	2004: 267381	CAPLUS <<LOGI NID: 20090707>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER:	140: 309343	
TITLE:		Oral *** drug*** *** delivery*** systems for poorly soluble drugs using amphiphilic polyethyl enimine polymers with solubilizing and absorption enhancing properties
INVENTOR(S):	Uchegbu, Ijeoma; Schatzlein, Andreas; Cheng, Wei Ping	
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):	The University of Strathclyde, UK; The University Court of the University of Glasgow	
SOURCE:	PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.	
DOCUMENT TYPE:	CODEN: PI XXD2	
LANGUAGE:	Patent	
FAMILY ACC. NUM COUNT:	English	
	1	

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATI ON NO.	DATE
WO 2004026941	A1	20040401	WO 2003- GB4036	20030922
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW			AM, AZ, BY, DE, DK, EE, ES, SI, SK, TR, SN, TD, TG	
KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, M, MR, NE				
CA 2499681	A1	20040401	CA 2003- 2499681	20030922
AU 2003267581	A1	20040408	AU 2003- 267581	20030922
EP 1543063	A1	20050622	EP 2003- 748273	20030922
EP 1543063	B1	20090325		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, I E, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ			NL, SE, MC, PT, EE, HU, SK	
JP 2006500437	T	20060105	JP 2004- 537295	20030922
AT 426635	T	20090415	AT 2003- 748273	20030922
US 20060148982	A1	20060706	US 2005- 528602	20050929
			GB 2002- 21942	A 20020920
			WO 2003- GB4036	W 20030922

PRI ORI TY APPLN. INFO. :

AB This invention relates to the delivery of drugs. In particular, this invention relates to the oral delivery of poorly sol. drugs using novel amphiphilic polymers with both solubilizing and absorption enhancing properties. A polyethyleneimine polymer according to the present invention wherein monomeric subunits in accordance with the structure is defined in formula $[NHCH_2CH_2]_m[N(Z)2CH_2CH_2]_n[N(CH_2CH_2NH_2)CH_2CH_2]_p[N(Z)(CH_2CH_2NH_2)CH_2CH_2]_q[N(CH_2CH_2N(R_1)(R_2)(R_3))CH_2CH_2]_u[N(CH_2CH_2N(R_1)(R_2)(R_3))CH_2CH_2]_v[N(CH_2CH_2N(A)H)CH_2CH_2]_w[N(Z)(CH_2CH_2N(A)H)CH_2CH_2]_x[N(CH_2CH_2N(R_1)(R_2))CH_2CH_2]_y[N(Z)(CH_2CH_2N(A)(R_1)(R_2))CH_2CH_2]$ wherein $m=0-90\%$ $n=0-100\%$ $p=0-50\%$ $q=0-50\%$ $u=0-50\%$ $v=0-50\%$ $w=0-20\%$ $x=0-20\%$ $y=0-20\%$ $z=0-20\%$ wherein, $m+n+p+q+u+v+w+x+y+z=100\%$ $Z=$ al kyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc; $A=$ al kyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc; $R_1=$ al kyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc; $R_2=$ al kyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc; $R_3=$ al kyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L11 ANSWER 14 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRI GHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSI ON NUMBER: 2003: 532709 CAPLUS <<LOGI NI D: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139: 101420
 TI TLE: Dendritic poly(amine acid) carrier conjugates with pharmaceuticals
 I NVENTOR(S): Li, Chun; Vega, Javier; Wallace, Sidney; Tansey, Wayne; Char nsangavej, Chusilp
 PATENT ASSI GNEE(S): Board of Regents, the University of Texas System USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 105 pp.
 CODEN: PI XXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAM LY ACC. NUM COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATI ON NO.	DATE
WO 2003055935	A1	20030710	WO 2002- US40937	20021223
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR,				

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	LS, PL, UG, RW	LT, PT, UZ, GH, KG, FI, CF,	LU, RO, VN, GM, KZ, FR, CG,	LV, YU, ZA, ZM, MW, MD, SD, SE, SG, SK, ZW	MA, ZW, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, MW, MK, MN, TJ, TM, TN	MK, MN, MW, TM, TN, NO, NZ, OM, PH, TT, TZ, UA,	
US	20030232968			A1	20031218	US 2002- 327455	AM, AZ, BY, DE, DK, EE, ES, TR, BF, BJ, TD, TG
US	7261875			B2	20070828		
CA	2469946			A1	20030710	CA 2002- 2469946	20021223
AU	2002361821			A1	20030715	AU 2002- 361821	20021223
EP	1465938			A1	20041013	EP 2002- 797454	20021223
R:	AT, I E,	BE, SI,	CH, LT,	DE, LV,	DK, FI, ES, RO, FR, MK,	GB, CY, GR, IT, AL, LI, TR, LU, BG, CZ,	NL, SE, MC, PT, EE, SK
PRI	ORI	TY	APPLN.	I NFO. :		US 2001- 342807P	P 20011221
						US 2002- 327455	A 20021220
						WO 2002- US40937	W 20021223

AB The invention concerns a design for dendritic poly(amine acid) polymer carriers, also known as nonlinear polymers, and their applications. These dendritic poly(amine acid) carriers have multiple functional groups at the polymer surface and heterofunctional groups on the poly(amine acid) side chains for drug or diagnostic agent attachment. They are designed to allow sufficient preservation of the binding affinity of the targeting ligand while conjugating therapeutic or diagnostic agents to the polymers. The invention also describes methods of prodn. of the polymer carriers and methods for the treatment or diagnosis of diseases employing the polymer carriers. In an example, branched polyglutamic acids (PGs) PAMAM PG [PAMAM is poly(amine) dendrimer] were prepd. and conjugated to paclitaxel (TXL). PAMAM PG8-TXL and linear PG-TXL showed cytotoxicity IC50 = 20 nM in a human vulvar squamous A431 cell line (< 1.0 for the parent drug), suggesting that both conjugates behave as prodrugs.

REFERENCE COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L11 ANSWER 15 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGH T 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002: 716321 CAPLUS <<LOGI NI D: 20090707>>
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137: 246527
TITLE: Multivalent MHC constructs: Immunoanalys is, diagnosis
and therapy
INVENTOR(S): Wntcher, Lars; Petersen, Lars Oestergaard; Buus,
Soeren; Schoeller, Joergen; Ruub, Erik; Aamellem,
Oestein
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Dako A/S, Den.; Dynal Biotech Asa
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 304 pp.
CODEN: PI XXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATI ON NO.	DATE
WO 2002072631	A2	20020919	WO 2002- DK169	20020313
WO 2002072631	A3	20031106		
W AE, CO, GM, LS, PL, UA, RW GH, KG, GR,	AG, CR, HR, LT, PT, UG, GM, KE, LS, MW, MD, RU, TJ, LU, MC,	AL, CZ, DE, I D, I L, I N, I S, LV, MA, MD, SG, SE, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM	AT, DK, JP, KE, KG, MK, MN, MW, MK, MN, MW, SK, SL, ZA, ZM, ZW	BA, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, TN, TT, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, FR, GB, CI, CM, GA,
			BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, GB, GE, GH, LC, LK, LR, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, TN, TT, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, FR, GB, CI, CM, GA,	

10_528602.trn

GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	CA 2440773	A1	20020919	CA 2002-2440773	20020313
	AU 2002240818	A1	20020924	AU 2002-240818	20020313
	AU 2002240818	B2	20080619		
	EP 1377609	A2	20040107	EP 2002-706685	20020313
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK,				GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, CY, AL, TR	
JP 2005500257	T	20050106	JP 2002-571544	20020313	
NO 2003004020	A	20031106	NO 2003-4020	20030911	
AU 2008202862	A1	20080724	AU 2008-202862	20080630	
PRI ORI TY APPLN. I NFO. :					
			DK 2001-435	A 20010314	
			DK 2001-436	A 20010314	
			DK 2001-441	A 20010314	
			US 2001-275447P	P 20010314	
			US 2001-275448P	P 20010314	
			US 2001-275470P	P 20010314	
			AU 2002-240818	A3 20020313	
			WO 2002-DK169	W 20020313	

AB The authors disclose MHC mol. constructs (classical and non-classical) conjugated to sol. or insol. carriers wherein the affinity and avidity of the constructs exceed that of comparable MHC trimers. In one example, the construct is comprised of biotinylated HLA-A2 bound to FITC-labeled streptavidin conjugated to sol. derivatized dextran. The above construct loaded with MART-1 or influenza virus peptides was shown to effect T-cell activation at a lower concn. than. Also comprised by the present invention is the sample-mounted use of MHC mol., MHC mol. trimers, and MHC mol. constructs.

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L11 ANSWER 16 OF 16 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:209864 CAPLUS <<LOG IN ID: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:255982
 TITLE: Method and system for enhancing delivery of peptides and proteins across the intestinal wall
 INVENTOR(S): Brayden, David James; Gross, Joseph
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Elan Corp., PLC, Ire.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 73 pp.
 CODEN: PI XXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	IND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
WO 2000016741	A1	20000330	WO 1999-1 E97	19990917	
W AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM					
RW GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW			AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, SE, BF, BJ, CF,		
DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT					
CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG					
AU 9957572	A	20000410	AU 1999-57572	19990917	
PRI ORI TY APPLN. I NFO. :					
			IE 1998-780	A 19980921	
			US 1998-100892P	P 19980923	
			WO 1999-1 E97	W 19990917	

AB A system and method for enhancing the delivery of an agent, esp. peptides and proteins, across the intestinal wall of a mammal are disclosed. The system includes a device for applying a potential across the intestinal wall so as to enhance delivery of the agent. The device includes a pair

of electrodes and a power source. An agent may be located proximate to the intestinal wall sep. from the device or incorporated in the device. Elec. current is generated thereby enhancing delivery of the agent across the intestinal wall. The agent and the electrode may be incorporated into a swellable polymer. A schematic sectional side view of an orally administered ***drug*** ***delivery*** device according to the invention is depicted. Use of iontophoresis to increase the transport of mannitol across rat colonic tissue in vitro is described.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

=>
=> d hist

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:47:50 ON 07 JUL 2009)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:48:07 ON 07 JUL 2009

L1 157 S POLYETHYLENEIMINE OR POLYETHYLENEIMINE OR "POLYETHYLENEIMINE"
 FILE 'CPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:49:08 ON 07 JUL 2009
 L2 30236 S L1
 L3 0 S L2 AND UCHEGBU/AU
 L4 5 S UCHEGBU
 L5 0 S UCHEGBU/AU
 L6 0 S L2 AND L4
 L7 1184 S L2 AND "DRUG DELIVERY"
 L8 0 S L7 AND "QCPEI"
 L9 0 S L7 AND "QCPEI 1"
 E CYCLOSPORIN+N+ALL/CT
 L10 18415 S (CYCLOSPORIN OR "CYCLOSPORIN")
 L11 16 S L7 AND L10

=> squarenary (p) ammonium (p) (polyethyleneimine OR polyethyleneimine OR "polyethyleneimine" OR "polyethyleneimine" OR "polyethyleneimine" OR pei)

148114 QUATERNARY
 360 QUATERNARIES
 148268 QUATERNARY
 (QUATERNARY OR QUATERNARIES)
 452031 AMMONIUM
 452 AMMONIUMS
 452189 AMMONIUM
 (AMMONIUM OR AMMONIUMS)
 4745 POLYETHYLENEIMINE
 230 POLYETHYLENEIMINES
 4838 POLYETHYLENEIMINE
 (POLYETHYLENEIMINE OR POLYETHYLENEIMINES)
 7865 POLYETHYLENEIMINE
 428 POLYETHYLENEIMINES
 7942 POLYETHYLENEIMINE
 (POLYETHYLENEIMINE OR POLYETHYLENEIMINES)
 777822 "POLY"
 2 "POLIES"
 777823 "POLY"
 ("POLY" OR "POLIES")
 2066 "ETHYLENEIMINE"
 107 "ETHYLENEIMINES"
 2138 "ETHYLENEIMINE"
 ("ETHYLENEIMINE" OR "ETHYLENEIMINES")
 783 "POLYETHYLENEIMINE"
 ("POLY" (W) "ETHYLENEIMINE")
 408572 "POLYETHYLENE"
 15554 "POLYETHYLENES"

413378 " POLYETHYLENE"
 (" POLYETHYLENE" OR " POLYETHYLENES")
 24646 " I M NE"
 17920 " I M NES"
 34897 " I M NE"
 (" I M NE" OR " I M NES")
 497 " POLYETHYLENE I M NE"
 (" POLYETHYLENE" (W " I M NE")
 777822 " POLY"
 2 " POLI ES"
 777823 " POLY"
 (" POLY" OR " POLI ES")
 601275 " ETHYLENE"
 3495 " ETHYLENES"
 602813 " ETHYLENE"
 (" ETHYLENE" OR " ETHYLENES")
 24646 " I M NE"
 17920 " I M NES"
 34897 " I M NE"
 (" I M NE" OR " I M NES")
 386 " POLY ETHYLENE I M NE"
 (" POLY" (W " ETHYLENE" (W " I M NE")
 5650 PEI
 223 PEI S
 5722 PEI
 (PEI OR PEI S)
 L12 214 QUATERNARY (P) AMMONI UM (P) (POLYETHYLENEI M NE OR POLYETHYLENI M NE OR " POLY ETHYLENEI M NE" OR " POLYETHYLENE I M NE" OR " POLY ETHYLENE I M NE" OR PEI)

=> s L7 AND L12

L13 3 L7 AND L12

=> d L13 1-

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 3 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/ (N) : y

L13 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 AN 2006:1108241 CAPLUS <<LOGI NI D: : 20090707>>
 DN 145: 495524
 TI Encapsulation of epi gal l ocat echi n gal l ate w i th polymers for stability
 i mpr ovement
 IN Ki m, Chul Hwan; Lee, Sung Mahn
 PA Dpi Sol ut i ons, I nc., S. Kor ea
 SO Repub. Kor ean Kongkae Taeho Kongbo, No pp. gi ven
 CODEN: KRXXA7
 DT Pat ent
 LA Kor ean
 FAN. CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATI ON NO.	DATE
PI	KR 2006028916	A	20060404	KR 2004- 77823	20040930
PRAI	KR 2004- 77823		20040930		

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 AN 2006:378166 CAPLUS <<LOGI NI D: : 20090707>>
 DN 144: 495174
 TI Ant i bacter i al act i vity of dental composit es cont ai ni ng ***quat er nar y***
 ammoni um ***pol yet hyl eni mi ne*** nanoparti cles agai nst
 St reptococcus mutans
 AU Beyth, Nur i t; Yudovi n- Farber, I ra; Bahi r, Ran; Donb, Abraham J.; Weiss,
 Ervin I.
 CS Depart ment of Prost hodont i cs, Faculty of Dent i stry, Hebr ew Uni versity of
 Jer usal em, Jer usal em, Is rael

SO Biomaterials (2006), 27(21), 3995-4002
 CODEN: BI MADU; ISSN: 0142-9612
 PB Elsevier Ltd.
 DT Journal
 LA English
 RE. CNT 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 AN 2005:218239 CAPLUS <<LOG IN ID: 20090707>>
 DN 143: 253612
 TI Studies on adsorption properties of chemically modified chitosan resins to
 diuretics
 AU Chen, Fei ; Luo, Guangsheng; Wang, Yujun
 CS State Key Lab of Chemical Engineering, Department of Chemical Engineering
 Tsinghua University, Beijing, 100084, People's Rep. China
 SO Gaofenzi Xuebao (2005), (1), 53-59
 CODEN: GAXUE9; ISSN: 1000-3304
 PB Kexue Chubanshe
 DT Journal
 LA Chinese

=> square nary (p) (polyethyleneimine OR polyethyleneimine OR "polyethyleneimine"
 OR "polyethylene imine" OR "poly ethylene imine" OR poly)

148114 QUATERNARY
 360 QUATERNARIES
 148268 QUATERNARY
 (QUATERNARY OR QUATERNARIES)
 4745 POLYETHYLENEIMINE
 230 POLYETHYLENEIMINES
 4838 POLYETHYLENEIMINE
 (POLYETHYLENEIMINE OR POLYETHYLENEIMINES)
 7865 POLYETHYLENIMINE
 428 POLYETHYLENIMINES
 7942 POLYETHYLENIMINE
 (POLYETHYLENIMINE OR POLYETHYLENIMINES)
 777822 "POLY"
 2 "POLIES"
 777823 "POLY"
 ("POLY" OR "POLIES")
 2066 "ETHYLENEIMINE"
 107 "ETHYLENEIMINES"
 2138 "ETHYLENEIMINE"
 ("ETHYLENEIMINE" OR "ETHYLENEIMINES")
 783 "POLYETHYLENEIMINE"
 ("POLY" (W) "ETHYLENEIMINE")
 408572 "POLYETHYLENE"
 15554 "POLYETHYLENES"
 413378 "POLYETHYLENE"
 ("POLYETHYLENE" OR "POLYETHYLENES")
 24646 "IMINE"
 17920 "IMINES"
 34897 "IMINE"
 ("IMINE" OR "IMINES")
 497 "POLYETHYLENEIMINE"
 ("POLYETHYLENE" (W) "IMINE")
 777822 "POLY"
 2 "POLIES"
 777823 "POLY"
 ("POLY" OR "POLIES")
 601275 "ETHYLENE"
 3495 "ETHYLENES"

602813 "ETHYLENE"
 ("ETHYLENE" OR "ETHYLENES")
 24646 "I M NE"
 17920 "I M NES"
 34897 "I M NE"
 ("I M NE" OR "I M NES")
 386 "POLY ETHYLENE I M NE"
 ("POLY" (W "ETHYLENE" (W "I M NE")
 5650 PEI
 223 PEI S
 5722 PEI
 (PEI OR PEI S)
 L14 293 QUATERNARY (P) (POLYETHYLENEI M NE OR POLYETHYLENI M NE OR "POLY
 ETHYLENEI M NE" OR "POLYETHYLENE I M NE" OR "POLY ETHYLENE I M NE"
 OR PEI)

=> s L7 AND L14
 L15 4 L7 AND L14

=> d hi st

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:47:50 ON 07 JUL 2009)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:48:07 ON 07 JUL 2009
 L1 157 S POLYETHYLENEI M NE OR POLYETHYLENI M NE OR "POLY ETHYLENEI M NE"

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:49:08 ON 07 JUL 2009
 L2 30236 S L1
 L3 0 S L2 AND UCHEGBU/ AU
 L4 5 S UCHEGBU
 L5 0 S UCHEGBU/ AU
 L6 0 S L2 AND L4
 L7 1184 S L2 AND "DRUG DELI VERY"
 L8 0 S L7 AND "QCPEI"
 L9 0 S L7 AND "QCPEI 1"
 E CYCLOSPORIN+N+ALL/ CT
 L10 18415 S (CYCLOSPORIN OR "CYCLOSPORIN")
 L11 16 S L7 AND L10
 L12 214 S QUATERNARY (P) AMMONIUM (P) (POLYETHYLENEI M NE OR POLYETHYLEN
 L13 3 S L7 AND L12
 L14 293 S QUATERNARY (P) (POLYETHYLENEI M NE OR POLYETHYLENI M NE OR "POL
 L15 4 S L7 AND L14

=> s L15 NOT L13
 L16 1 L15 NOT L13

=> d L16 i bi b abs

L16 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005: 3745 CAPLUS <<LOG IN ID: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142: 266552
 TITLE: Cationic lipids with increased DNA binding affinity
 for nonviral gene transfer in dividing and nondividing
 cells
 AUTHOR(S): Narang, Ajit S.; Thoma, Laura; Miller, Duane D.;
 Mahato, Ram I.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Departments of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Biomedical
 Engineering, University of Tennessee Health Science
 Center, Memphis, TN, 38163, USA
 SOURCE: Biotechnology Chemistry (2005), 16(1), 156-168
 CODEN: BCCHE; ISSN: 1043-1802
 PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 142: 266552

AB Effect of headgroup structure on cationic lipid mediated transfection was investigated with either a (i) tertiary amine, (ii) quaternary amine with a hydroxyl, or (iii) quaternary amine with mesylate as headgroups. Liposomes were formulated using cholesterol or dioleoyl phosphatidyl ethanolamine (DOPE) as colipids, and transfection efficiencies were determined rapidly dividing colon carcinoma (CT 26) and rat aortic smooth muscle (RASM) cells as well as in nondivididing human pancreatic islets using Luciferase and green fluorescent protein expression plasmids, pcDNA3-Luc and pCMV-EGFP, resp. Liposome/pDNA complexes were evaluated for DNA conformational state by CD, DNA condensation by electrophoretic mobility shift assay (EMSA), particle size and zeta potential by laser diffraction technique, and surface morphology by transmission electron microscopy (TEM). Encouraging transfection results were obtained with the mesylate headgroup based lipid in liposome formulations with DOPE as a colipid, which were higher than the commercially available Lipofectamine formulation. We hypothesize that the addnl. hydrogen bonding or covalent interactions of the headgroup with the plasmid DNA, leading to higher binding affinity of the cationic lipids to pDNA, results in higher transfection. This hypothesis is supported by TEM observations where elongated complexes were observed, and more lipid was seen assocd. with the DNA.

REFERENCE COUNT: 59 THERE ARE 59 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

=> s quater (p) (polyethyleneimine OR polyethyleneimine OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR pei)

(P) IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system

For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter

"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s quatern (p) (polyethyleneimine OR polyethyleneimine OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR pei)

(P) IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system

For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter

"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s quatern (p) (polyethyleneimine OR polyethyleneimine OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR pei)

(P) IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system

For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter

"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).

=> s quatern

=> s quatern?

L17 162367 QUATERN?

=> s quatern? (p) (polyethyleneimine OR polyethyleneimine OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR "poly ethyleneimine" OR pei)

162367 QUATERN?

4745 POLYETHYLENEIMINE

230 POLYETHYLENEIMINES

4838 POLYETHYLENEIMINE

(POLYETHYLENEIMINE OR POLYETHYLENEIMINES)

7865 POLYETHYLENEIMINE

428 POLYETHYLENEIMINES

7942 POLYETHYLENEIMINE

(POLYETHYLENEIMINE OR POLYETHYLENEIMINES)

777822 "POLY"

2 " POLI ES"
 777823 " POLY"
 (" POLY" OR " POLI ES")
 2066 " ETHYLENEI M NE"
 107 " ETHYLENEI M NES"
 2138 " ETHYLENEI M NE"
 (" ETHYLENEI M NE" OR " ETHYLENEI M NES")
 783 " POLY ETHYLENEI M NE"
 (" POLY" (W " ETHYLENEI M NE")
 408572 " POLYETHYLENE"
 15554 " POLYETHYLENES"
 413378 " POLYETHYLENE"
 (" POLYETHYLENE" OR " POLYETHYLENES")
 24646 " I M NE"
 17920 " I M NES"
 34897 " I M NE"
 (" I M NE" OR " I M NES")
 497 " POLYETHYLENE I M NE"
 (" POLYETHYLENE" (W " I M NE")
 777822 " POLY"
 2 " POLI ES"
 777823 " POLY"
 (" POLY" OR " POLI ES")
 601275 " ETHYLENE"
 3495 " ETHYLENES"
 602813 " ETHYLENE"
 (" ETHYLENE" OR " ETHYLENES")
 24646 " I M NE"
 17920 " I M NES"
 34897 " I M NE"
 (" I M NE" OR " I M NES")
 386 " POLY ETHYLENE I M NE"
 (" POLY" (W " ETHYLENE" (W " I M NE")
 5650 PEI
 223 PEI S
 5722 PEI
 (PEI OR PEI S)
 L18 458 QUATERN? (P) (POLYETHYLENEI M NE OR POLYETHYLENI M NE OR " POLY
 ETHYLENEI M NE" OR " POLYETHYLENE I M NE" OR " POLY ETHYLENE I M NE"
 OR PEI)

=> d hi st

(FILE ' HOME' ENTERED AT 13:47:50 ON 07 JUL 2009)

FILE ' REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:48:07 ON 07 JUL 2009
 L1 157 S POLYETHYLENEI M NE OR POLYETHYLENI M NE OR " POLY ETHYLENEI M NE"
 FILE ' CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:49:08 ON 07 JUL 2009
 L2 30236 S L1
 L3 0 S L2 AND UCHEGBU/ AU
 L4 5 S UCHEGBU
 L5 0 S UCHEGBU/ AU
 L6 0 S L2 AND L4
 L7 1184 S L2 AND " DRUG DELI VERY"
 L8 0 S L7 AND " QCPEI "
 L9 0 S L7 AND " QCPEI 1"
 E CYCLOSPORI N+ALL/ CT
 L10 18415 S (CYCLOSPORI N OR " CYCLOSPORI N")
 L11 16 S L7 AND L10
 L12 214 S QUATERNARY (P) AMMONI UM (P) (POLYETHYLENEI M NE OR POLYETHYLEN
 L13 3 S L7 AND L12
 L14 293 S QUATERNARY (P) (POLYETHYLENEI M NE OR POLYETHYLENI M NE OR " POL

L15 4 S L7 AND L14
 L16 1 S L15 NOT L13
 L17 162367 S QUATERN?
 L18 458 S QUATERN? (P) (POLYETHYLENEIMINE OR POLYETHYLENIMINE OR "POLY

=> S L7 AND L18
 L19 9 L7 AND L18

=> L19 NOT (L15)

L19 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND

The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system
 For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
 "HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (>=).

=> S L19 NOT (L15)
 L20 5 L19 NOT (L15)

=> d L20 1- 1000 abs

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM 5 ANSWERS - CONTINUE? Y/ (N): y

L20 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:410600 CAPLUS <<LOGIND:20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146:415130
 TITLE: Methods and ion-binding core-shell particle compositions for selectively removing potassium ion from the gastrointestinal tract of a mammal
 INVENTOR(S): Cope, Michael J.; Mansky, Paul; Li, Fuqian; Chang, Han-Ting; Charlot, Dominique; Connor, Eric; Biyanji, Kalpesh; Li, Mengjun; Mong, Tony Kwok-Kong; Chen, Yan
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Ilypsa, Inc., USA
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 173pp.
 CODEN: PI XXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2007041569	A1	20070412	WO 2006- US38602	20061002
W AE, AG, AL, CN, CO, CR, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW	AM, AT, AU, AZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, FI, GB, GD, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,	CA, CH, FI, GB, GD, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,	
RW AT, BE, BG, IS, IT, LT, CF, CG, CI, GM, KE, LS, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ	CH, CY, CZ, DE, MC, NL, GA, GN, GQ, MW, MZ, NA, SD, RU, TJ	DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, TZ	FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, SK, TR, TG, BW, GH, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,	
AU 2006299449	A1	20070412	AU 2006- 299449	20061002
CA 2624170	A1	20070412	CA 2006- 2624170	20061002
EP 1928476	A1	20080611	EP 2006- 816101	20061002
R: AT, BE, BG, IS, IT, LI	CH, CY, CZ, DE, LT, LU, MC	DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI	GB, GR, HU, IE, SK, TR	
GB 2446077	A	20080730	GB 2008- 6896	20061002
DE 112006002618	T5	20080828	DE 2006- 112006002618	20061002
JP 2009510126	T	20090312	JP 2008- 533776	20061002
MX 2008004158	A	20080519	MX 2008- 4158	20080327
IN 2008DN02620	A	20080704	IN 2008- DN2620	20080328
KR 2008059265	A	20080626	KR 2008- 710227	20080428

CN 101316601	A	20081203	CN 2006- 80044248	20080527
US 20090155370	A1	20090618	US 2008- 88625	20080930
PRI ORI TY APPLN. INFO. :			US 2005- 723073P	P 20050930
			WO 2006- US38602	W 20061002

AB The invention provides methods and compns. for the treatment of ion imbalances using core-shell composites and compns. comprising such core-shell composites. In particular, the invention provides core-shell particles and compns. comprising potassium binding polymers, and core-shell particles and compns. comprising sodium binding polymers, and in each case, pharmaceutical compns. thereto. Methods of use of the polymeric and pharmaceutical compns. for therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefits are also disclosed. The compns. and methods of the invention offer improved approaches for treatment of hyperkalemia and other indications related to potassium homeostasis, and for treatment of hypertension and other indicates related to sodium homeostasis.

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007: 209801 CAPLUS <<LOGI NID: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 146: 428059
 TITLE: Copolymers of .epsilon.-caprolactone and quaternized .epsilon.-caprolactone as gene carriers
 Vroman, Benoit; Mazza, Michael; Fernandez, Manuel A. R.; Jerome, Robert; Preat, Veronique
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Universite de Pharmacie de Louvain, Universite Catholique de Louvain, Brussels, 1200, Belg.
 SOURCE: Journal of Controlled Release (2007), 118(1), 136-144
 CODEN: JCREEC; ISSN: 0168-3659
 PUBLISHER: Elsevier B. V.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

AB New copolymers of .epsilon.-caprolactone (CL) and .gamma.-bromo-.epsilon.-caprolactone ***quaternized*** by pyridine (Py + CL) were investigated as non-viral vectors for gene delivery. Copolymers with two molar compns. (50 Py + CL/50 CL and 80 Py + CL/20 CL), each with a diblock or a random structure, were used to prep. nanoparticle complexes with DNA. Av. size and surface charge of the complexes and extent of the complexation were measured. The DNA condensation by the copolymers was analyzed by a gel retardation assay. Cytotoxicity and transfection efficiency of the copolymers were also evaluated in HeLa cells and compared with ***polyethylenimine*** 50 kDa. The size of the polyplexes was approx. 200 nm. The zeta potential first increased with the copolymer/DNA charge ratio and became pos. for charge ratios in the 2-4 range depending on the type of copolymer. DNA was completely condensed within the nanoparticles and the degree of interaction was very high. Cytotoxicity and transfection efficiency were found to be comparable to ***polyethylenimine*** 50 kDa. The exptl. results suggest that the novel copolymers can be used as novel gene delivery vectors.

REFERENCE COUNT: 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L20 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004: 267381 CAPLUS <<LOGI NID: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140: 309343
 TITLE: Oral ***drug*** ***delivery*** systems for poorly soluble drugs using amphiphilic polyethylenimine polymers with solubilizing and absorption enhancing properties
 INVENTOR(S): Uchegbu, Ijeoma; Schatzlein, Andreas; Cheng, Wei Ping
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): The University of Strathclyde, UK; The University Court of the University of Glasgow

SOURCE: 10_528602. tr n
 PCT Int. Appl., 40 pp.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: CODEN: PI XXXD2
 LANGUAGE: Patent
 FAM LY ACC. NUM COUNT: Engl i sh 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KI ND	DATE	APPLI CATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004026941	A1	20040401	WO 2003- GB4036	20030922
W AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, RW GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,	BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG	AM, AZ, BY, AM, AZ, BY, DE, DK, EE, ES, SE, SI, SK, TR, SN, TD, TG		
CA 2499681	A1	20040401	CA 2003- 2499681	20030922
AU 2003267581	A1	20040408	AU 2003- 267581	20030922
EP 1543063	A1	20050622	EP 2003- 748273	20030922
EP 1543063	B1	20090325		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK			
JP 2006500437	T	20060105	JP 2004- 537295	20030922
AT 426635	T	20090415	AT 2003- 748273	20030922
US 20060148982	A1	20060706	US 2005- 528602	20050929
			GB 2002- 21942	A 20020920
			WO 2003- GB4036	W 20030922

PRI ORI TY APPLN. INFO. :
 AB This invention relates to the delivery of drugs. In particular, this invention relates to the oral delivery of poorly sol. drugs using novel amphiphilic polymers with both solubilizing and absorption enhancing properties. A polyethyl enimine polymer according to the present invention wherein monomeric subunits in accordance with the structure is defined in formula [NHCH2CH2] m [N(Z) 2CH2CH2] n [N(CH2CH2NH2) CH2CH2] p [N(Z) (CH2CH2NH2) CH2C H2] q [N(CH2CH2N(R1) (R2) (R3)) CH2CH2] u [N(CH2CH2N(R1) (R2) (R3)) CH2CH2] v [N(CH2CH 2N(A) H) CH2CH2] w [N(Z) (CH2CH2N(A) H) CH2CH2] x [N(CH2CH2N(R1) (R2)) CH2CH2] y [N(Z) (CH2CH2N(A) (R1) (R2)) CH2CH2] wherein m=0-90% n=0-100% p=0-50% q=0-50% u=0-50% v=0-50% w=0-20% x=0-20% y=0-20% z=0-20% wherein, m+n+p+q+u+v+w+x+y+z=100% Z=al kyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc; A=al kyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc; R1=al kyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc; R2=al kyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc; R3=al kyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, etc.

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L20 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003: 423404 CAPLUS <<LOGI NI D: 20090707>>
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139: 154707
 TITLE: Polycation liposome-mediated gene transfer in vivo
 AUTHOR(S): Matsuura, Mitsu; Yamazaki, Yukako; Sugiyama, Mayu; Kondo, Masami; Ori, Hirotugu; Nango, Mamoru; Oku, Naoto
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Medical Biochemistry and COE Program in the 21st Century, University of Shizuoka School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Yada, Shizuoka, Japan
 SOURCE: Biocimate Biophysica Acta, Biomembranes (2003), 1612(2), 136-143
 PUBLISHER: CODEN: BBBMBS; ISSN: 0005-2736
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Elsevier B. V.
 LANGUAGE: Journal
 Engl i sh

AB The polycation liposome (PCL), a recently developed gene transfer system is simply prepd. by a modification of liposomes with cetylated polyethylenimine (PEI), and shows remarkable transgene efficiency with low cytotoxicity. In the present study, we investigated the applicability of PCLs for *in vivo* gene transfer, since the PCL-mediated transgene efficiency was found to be maintained in the presence of serum PCLs composed of dioleoyl phosphatidyl ethanolamine (DOPE) with 5 mol % cetyl PEI (PEI av. m. wt. 1800), were superior for transfection to those of dipalmitoyl phosphatidylcholine (DPPC) and cholesterol (2:1 as molar ratio) with 5 mol % cetyl PEI *in vitro*, although the latter PCLs were more efficient for gene transfer *in vivo*. PCL-DNA complexes were injected into mice via a tail or the portal vein, with the DNA being a plasmid encoding green fluorescent protein (GFP) or luciferase; and the expression was monitored qual. or quant., resp. Tail vein injection resulted in high expression of both GFP and luciferase genes in lung, and portal vein injection resulted in high expression of both genes in the liver. Concerning the gene delivery efficiency, the PCL was found to be superior to PEI or cetyl PEI alone. The optimal conditions for *in vivo* transfection with PCLs were also examined.

REFERENCE COUNT: 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

L20 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997: 385627 CAPLUS <<LOG IN ID: 20090707>>

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127: 8941

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 127: 1801a, 1804a

TITLE: Cosmetic and pharmaceutical emulsions containing cationic polymers

INVENTOR(S): Ansmann, Achim Stoll, Gerhard; Fabry, Bernd

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Henkel KgaA, Germany

SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 6 pp.

CODEN: GWKXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: German

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	Kind	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 19542139	A1	19970515	DE 1995- 19542139	19951111
DE 19542139	C2	19980730		
EP 776657	A2	19970604	EP 1996- 117640	19961104
EP 776657	A3	19970730		
EP 776657	B1	20030326		
R: DE, ES, FR, IT				
ES 2193220	T3	20031101	ES 1996- 117640	19961104
			DE 1995- 19542139	A 19951111

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 127: 8941

AB Cosmetic and pharmaceutical emulsions cont g. C16-22-alkyl oligoglucosides 10-50, C16-22 fatty acids 50-90, and cationic polymer 0.1-10 wt. % are highly stable during storage at elevated temps. The cationic polymer may be a cellulose deriv., cationic starch, dialyli ammonium salt/acrylamide copolymer, ***quaternized*** vinyl pyrrolidone/vinylimidazole copolymer, polyglycol-amine condensation product, ***quaternized*** protein or polypeptide, ***polyethylenimine***, etc. Thus, an emulsion cont g. hexadecyl polyglucoside 1.9, hexadecyl alcohol 3.0, lauryl dimonium hydroxypropyl hydrolyzed collagen 0.1, diacetyl ether 15, decyl oleate 10, almond oil 5, and water to 100 wt. % had a viscosity (in mPa) of 9.800 immediately after prepn. and 9.800 and 9.500 after storage for 7 days at 20. degree. or 40. degree., resp.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE REFORMAT

10_528602. trn

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SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 14:50:55 ON 07 JUL 2009